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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/770,340	01/26/2001	Kosaraju Krishna Mohan	54821.P1/ C-3520.0	6299
408 75	90 05/05/2003			
LUEDEKA, NEELY & GRAHAM, P.C.			EXAMINER	
P O BOX 1871 KNOXVILLE,	TN 37901		FORTUNA, JOSE A	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1731	
			DATE MAILED: 05/05/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Comments	09/770,340	MOHAN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
The MAN INC DATE of the	José A Fortuna	1731				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 F	<u>ebruary 2003</u> .					
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ Thi	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. <b>Disposition of Claims</b>						
4) Claim(s) 1-40 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>1-36</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>37-40</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)						
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>9</u></li> </ol>	5) Notice of Informa	ry (PTO-413) Paper No(s) I Patent Application (PTO-152)				
J.S. Patent and Trademark Office		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election with traverse of February 19, 2003 in Paper No. 10 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that substantially the same search would be required in the examination of the two groups and that there is no serious burden for the examiner if both groups are searched together. This is not found persuasive because the search for both groups is different. Even though there is some overlapping, the search on the method of making paper is very different than for the method of making a cup. Note also that the paper used to make the cup is not necessarily made by the method of making the paper of group I, i.e., the method of making the paper of claim 22 requires a wet process, there is not such provision for the paper used to make the cup. Note also that the method of making a cup includes manipulation(s) that are outside the papermaking area.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
  - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.

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- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 4. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 5. Claims 37-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Sandstrom et al., US Patent 6,379,497.

Sandstrom et al. teach a method of making containers, including cups, by sealably joining a paperboard having similar characteristics to the one recited in the independent claim, see abstract. Sandstrom et al. teach basis weights, densities of the paperboard within the claimed range, column 5, lines 37-60; the use of the expanded and/or unexpanded microspheres as claimed and addition amount in the same range, column 6, lines 50-65, column 33, lines 30-65, Tables 1 and 2. The caliper of the paperboard is shown to be within the claimed range, see tables 2-4A, columns 40, 43-44A. The coating of at least one surface is taught by Sandstrom et al. in column 12, lines 32-46 and column 12, line 57 through column 13, line 5. Note that the thickness of the applied coating is also within the claimed range; see column 22, lines 17-22. Even though Sandstrom et al., do not explicitly teach the Sheffield smoothness as claimed, this property **Must** be within the claimed range since the materials, addition amounts and process of making the

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paper is the same or very similar than the that of the present invention. Thus the paperboard made by Sandstrom et al. process meets the requirements of the claims or at least the minor modification(s) to obtain the claimed paperboard would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art.

As to claim 38, Sandstrom et al., teaches the coating of both surfaces in column 18, lines 36-51. Regarding claims 3940, the printing of the surfaces is taught in column 32, lines 26-27.

### Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure in the art of "Making Cup."

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to José A Fortuna whose telephone number is 703-305-7498. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Steven P Griffin can be reached on 703-308-3837. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-305-7115 for regular communications and 703-305-7115 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0662.

José A Fortuna Primary Examiner

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JAF

May 1, 2003